

#ESTUDOEMCASA

BLOCO N.º 60

DISCIPLINA: INGLÊS

ANOS 7º e 8º

APRENDIZAGENS ESSENCIAIS

COMPETÊNCIA COMUNICATIVA

Compreensão oral: seguir instruções detalhadas dadas pelo professor; identificar o conteúdo principal do que se ouve e vê, os intervenientes e a sequência do discurso assim como informações específicas; seguir, sem dificuldade, uma apresentação breve sobre um tema familiar.

Produção oral: falar sobre temas explorados: atividades de lazer e planos para o futuro.

COMPETÊNCIA INTERCULTURAL

Reconhecer realidades interculturais distintas: estabelecer comparações entre as suas vivências e as dos outros; falar sobre atividades de lazer do seu meio cultural por oposição a outras culturas, incluindo a anglo-saxónica.

Planning a summer holiday.

3º ciclo/7º e 8º anos

x

A. Choose the right answer.

1. A historical building people usually visit is called:

- a) load.
- b) landmark.
- c) trip.

2. This document identifies you and you need it when you travel.

- a) map.
- b) ticket.
- c) passport.

B. Answer the questions.

1. What's your favourite type of holidays?

C. Match the words with their meaning.

Loads of	
Landmark	
Break	
Trip	

a. A short period of time when you stop what you are doing and rest.
b. A large number or amount of people or things.
c. A journey to a place and back again, especially a short one for pleasure.
d. A building or a place that is very important because of its history, and that should be preserved.

D. Choose the right option.

1. A person on holiday is a _____.
 - a) caravan.
 - b) hotel.
 - c) tourist.

2. People put their clothes and other things in a _____ when they travel.
 - a) airport
 - b) map
 - c) suitcase

3. We use this to find roads and places.
 - a) Map.
 - b) Passport.
 - c) Ticket.

4. When we eat outside, often on a blanket on the ground.
- a) Caravan.
 - b) Picnic.
 - c) Tent.
5. Suitcases and other bags you carry when travelling are called _____.
- a) baggage.
 - b) passports.
 - c) Tickets.
6. A house with wheels. _____
- a) Campsite.
 - b) Caravan.
 - c) Hotel.
7. You need this paper to get on a train or enter a museum, for example.
- a) Map.
 - b) Passport.
 - c) Ticket.
8. If you go camping, you need a caravan or a _____ to sleep in.
- a) campsite
 - b) map
 - c) tent

The Future tenses: consolidation.

A. Choose the right answer.

1. To express a general prediction for the future we use: _____
- a) will.
 - b) going to.
 - c) the Present Continuous.

2. To talk about plans or intentions for the future we use: _____

- a) will.
- b) going to.
- c) the Present Continuous.

B. Match the tenses with the situation.

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| <p>Will + infinitive •</p> <p>Present Continuous •</p> <p>Be + going to + infinitive •</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For spontaneous decisions. • To talk about plans or intentions. • Very concrete plans for a near future. • To make offers and promises. • To make predictions based on personal opinion. • To make predictions based on what we can see. |
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C. Match the situations with the sentences.

- a. For spontaneous decisions.
- b. To talk about plans or intentions.
- c. Very concrete plans for a near future.
- d. To make offers and promises.
- e. To make predictions based on personal opinion.
- f. To make predictions based on what we can see.

1. It will be a great time. _____
2. It's going to be a busy day. _____
3. You look so busy. I'll help you packing. _____
4. I'm going to choose my holiday destination today. _____
5. Tonight I'm preparing my summer trip. _____
6. Will you help me choosing the accommodation? _____

D. Complete the sentences using the right verb tense to express the future.

1. Jack _____ Jane at the airport. (meet)
2. My brothers _____ around Europe by train. (travel)
3. I think these _____ the best holidays of my life! (be)
4. Oh no! Look at the sky... It's _____. (rain)
5. I _____ for the tickets by credit card. (pay)
6. Marion _____ your suitcase for you. (carry)